# UNITES STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

Christine Kinkade individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated

Plaintiffs

APR 28 2010

Docket No.

LONG ISLAND OFFICE

-against-

Stellar Recovery, Inc.

**Defendants** 

COMPLAINT AND DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL

**Unlawful Debt Collection Practices** 

TRIAL BY JURY DEMANDED

BIANCO, J. LINOSAY, M

## I. CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff, CHRISTINE KINKADE, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, brings this action under the Fair Debt Collection Practices Act, 15 U.S.C. Section 1692, et seq. ("FDCPA"), for a declaration that scripted telephone messages that the Defendant uses to collect consumer debts violates the FDCPA, and to recover damages by reason of Defendant's violations of the Fair Debt Collections Practices Act, (15 USC 1692 et seq). (hereinafter FDCPA), and alleges:

#### II. JURISDICTION AND VENUE

1. Jurisdiction of this Court arises under 15 U.S.C Section 1692k (d), 28 U.S.C Section 1337. Venue in this District is proper in that the Defendants transact business here and the conduct complained of occurred here.

#### III. PARTIES

- 2. Plaintiff, CHRISTINE KINKADE, is a citizen of the State of New York, residing in the Eastern District of New York, from whom Defendant attempted to collect a consumer debt allegedly owed to .
- 3. Defendant STELLAR RECOVERY, INC. is a foreign corporation not authorized to do business in New York State. The principal purpose of Defendant is the collection of debts using the mails and telephone, and Defendant regularly attempts to collect debts alleged to be due another.
- 4. Defendant is a "debt collector" as defined by the FDCPA, 15 U.S.C. Section 1692a(6).
- 5. The alleged debt Defendant sought to collect from Plaintiff is a consumer debt, as defined by §1692a(5) of the FDCPA, in that it was originally incurred for personal, family or household purposes.

## **IV. FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 6. At all times herein relevant, Plaintiff was and is a "consumer" as defined by 15 USC 1692a(3).
- 7. At all times herein relevant, Defendant was and is a "debt collector" as that term is defined by 15 USC 1692a(6).
- 8. Within one year preceding the date of the filing of the complaint in this action, Defendant placed a telephone call to the Plaintiff and left a message on the voice mail of the Plaintiff's.

- 9. The message left by the Defendant was a prerecorded automated message.
- 10. The messages left by the Defendant on the voice mail of the Plaintiff did not include the notices required by 15 USC 1692e(11).
  - 11. The messages left by the Defendant meaningfully identified the Defendant.
- 12. The entire prerecorded automated message left by the defendant on the Plaintiff's voice mail was as follows:

Hello. This is an important call for Christine Kinkade. This is not a telemarketing call. Please ask Christine Kinkade to call us at 888-318-7050. Thank you. Good bye.

- 13. The messages left by the Defendant on Plaintiff's voice mail did not give the notice required by 15 USC 1692e(11).
- 14. The messages left by the Defendant on Plaintiff's voice mail were deceptive and harassing in that the messages attempted to deceptively induce the Plaintiff into returning the call.
- 15. The messages left by Defendant were deceptive and harassing in that the "least sophisticated consumer" would not recognize that the defendant was a debt collector and the messages specifically failed to provide the notice required by 15 USC 1692e(11).
- 16. The message left by Defendant was deceptive and harassing in that it deceptively secreted the identity of the Defendant.
  - 17. The Plaintiff listened to the messages left by the Defendant.
- 18. The Defendant and/or its agents placed telephone phone calls and left messages on the voice mail of other New York consumers within one year preceding the filing of this complaint, said messages were materially identical to automated messages left for the Plaintiff.

## V. VIOLATIONS OF THE FDCPA

19. The actions of the Defendant as described above violate 15 USC 1692 e; 15 USC 1692 e(10); 15 USC 1692 e(11); 15 USC 1692 d; 15 USC 1692d(5) and 15 USC 1692 d(6).

## VI. CLASS ALLEGATIONS

- 20. Plaintiff brings the following class pursuant to Federal Rules of Civil
  Procedure 23(a) and 23(b)(3) individually and on behalf of all persons in the State of New
  York to whom defendant placed a telephone call and left a message substantially similar or
  materially identical to those left by Defendant on Plaintiff's voice mail as identified above
  during the one year period immediately preceding the filing of this action.
- 21. The claims asserted in this case satisfy the requirements of Rule 23(a) because:
  - (A) The members of the class are so numerous that joinder of all members is impractical.
  - (B) There are questions of law and fact common to the Class and these questions predominate over any questions affecting only individual Class members.
  - (C) The only individual issue is the identification of the consumers who received the calls (*i.e.*, the Class members), a matter capable of ministerial determination from the Defendant's records.
  - (D) The Plaintiff's claims are typical of those of the Class members. All are based on the same facts and legal theories.
  - (E) Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent the Class members' interests. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in bringing class

actions and collection-abuse claims. Plaintiffs' interests are consistent with those of the Class members.

- 22. Class action treatment is appropriate under Rule 23(b)(3) because questions of fact or law common to the members of the Class predominate over any questions affecting only individual members and a class action is superior to other available methods for the fair and efficient adjudication of the Class members' claims.
- 23. Congress specifically envisions class actions as a principal means of enforcing the FDCPA. *See* 15 U.S.C. §1692k.
- 24. The members of the Class are generally unsophisticated individuals, whose rights will not be vindicated in the absence of a class action.
- 25. Prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would create the risk of inconsistent or varying adjudications, resulting in the establishment of inconsistent or varying standards for the parties, and would not be in the interest of judicial economy.
- 26. If the facts are discovered to be appropriate, Plaintiffs will seek to certify the Class under Rule 23(b)(3) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

**WHEREFORE**, Plaintiffs asks that this Court enter judgment in his favor and on behalf of the Class, against Defendant as follows:

- (A) Certify the proposed the Class under Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and appoint Plaintiff and her counsel to represent the Class;
- (B) Statutory damages as provided by §1692k of the FDCPA;
- (C) Attorney's fees, litigation expenses and costs incurred in bringing this action;
- (D) Any other relief this Court deems appropriate and just under the circumstances.

## **DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL**

Please take notice that Plaintiffs demand trial by jury in this action.

Dated:

West Islip, NY

April 21, 2010

Respectfully submitted,

Joseph Mauro (JM: 8295)

West Islip, NY 11795

631-669-0921